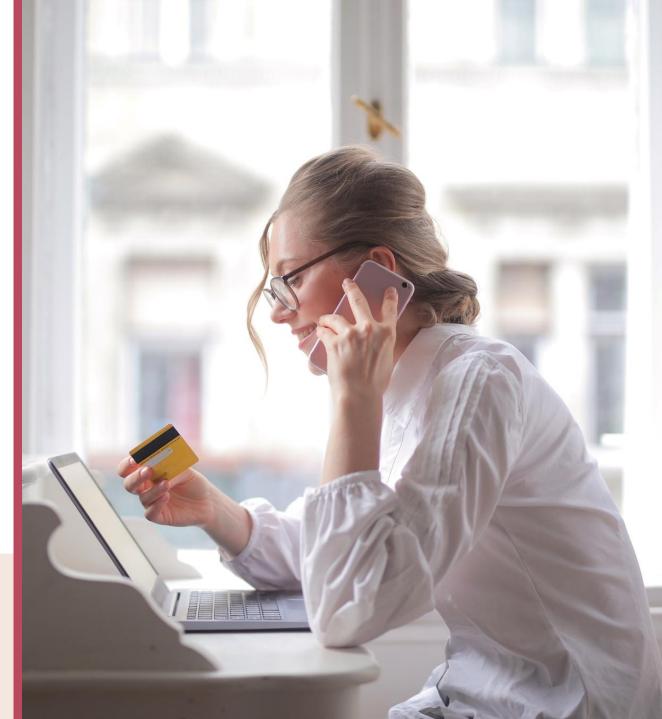
# Eden McCallum Consumer Survey

Q3 Consumer Sentiment: United Kingdom

Published Sept 2025







#### **Summary**

#### **Sentiment:**

- Overall, optimism about the future remains higher than pessimism (46% vs. 34%), led by younger age groups (58% positive)
- However, overall pessimism has increased 3ppt in the last year, though not back to 2022 levels (38%)
- On global/country level issues:
  - Economic concerns rose sharply (though still below 2022 levels), with the domestic economy (75% of respondents concerned / very concerned) being the leading concern in the UK, and the global economy the fourth (65%)
  - Conflict concerns are up (2nd most pressing concern) but stabilising, with crime the third main concern
- On personal issues:
  - Negative sentiment is broadly reducing across all issues
  - Concerns about ability to spend and to save still dominate, but are falling even with the broader negative sentiment over domestic / global economies

#### Spend:

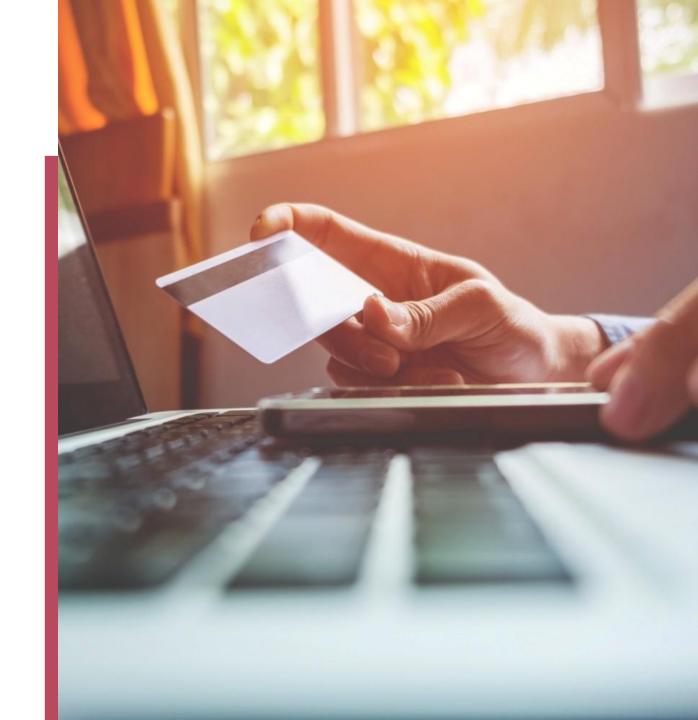
- In Essentials categories, those who increased spend outnumbered those who decreased spend, while the opposite was true in Discretionary categories (except Child & Baby)
  - In Essentials, increased spend was driven by increased prices
  - In Discretionary categories, decreased spend was driven by reduced consumption (including stopping spend altogether) with price relatively less important
- In 2025, a greater proportion increased their spend than in all previous years across all categories
- Similarly, fewer respondents reduced their spend in all categories than in all previous years



### **Contents**

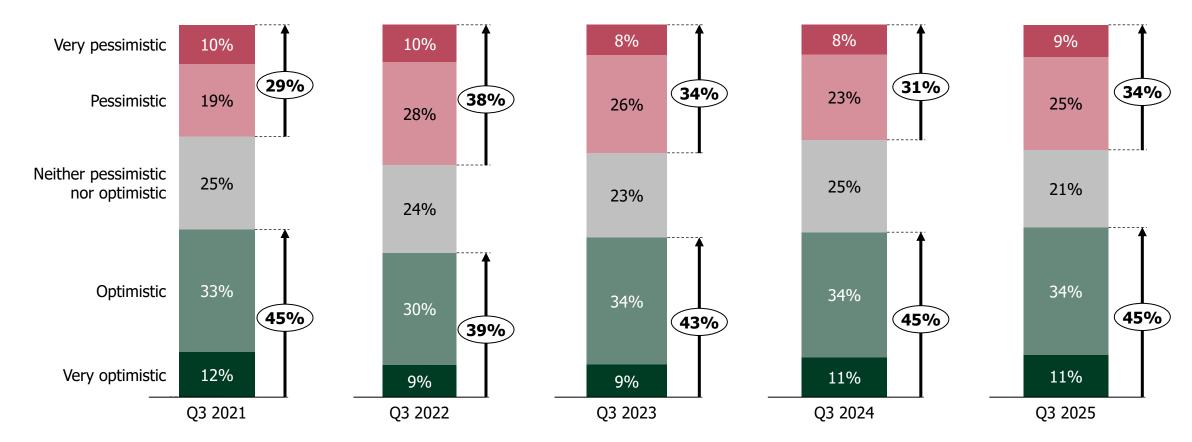
#### **Sentiment**

Spending
Sample details



# Although 45% of respondents feel optimistic about the future, levels of pessimism are increasing, though not yet at 2022 levels

RESPONDENTS' VIEWS ON HOW THEY FEEL ABOUT THE FUTURE OVERALL, Q3 2021 – Q3 2025



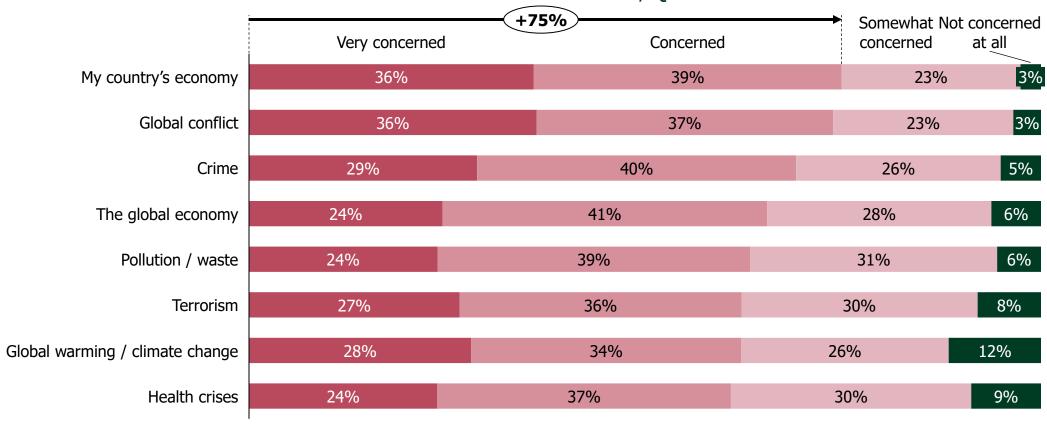
Note: October 2021 n = 1012, August 2022 n = 3047, July 2023 n = 1571, July 2024 n = 1984, August 2025 n = 2173; Question: 'At present, when thinking about the future, how are you feeling overall?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'. Due to rounding percentages may not sum precisely





#### There is widespread concern on all issues facing the country and world

#### RESPONDENTS' VIEWS ON ISSUES FACING COUNTRY AND WORLD, Q3 2025

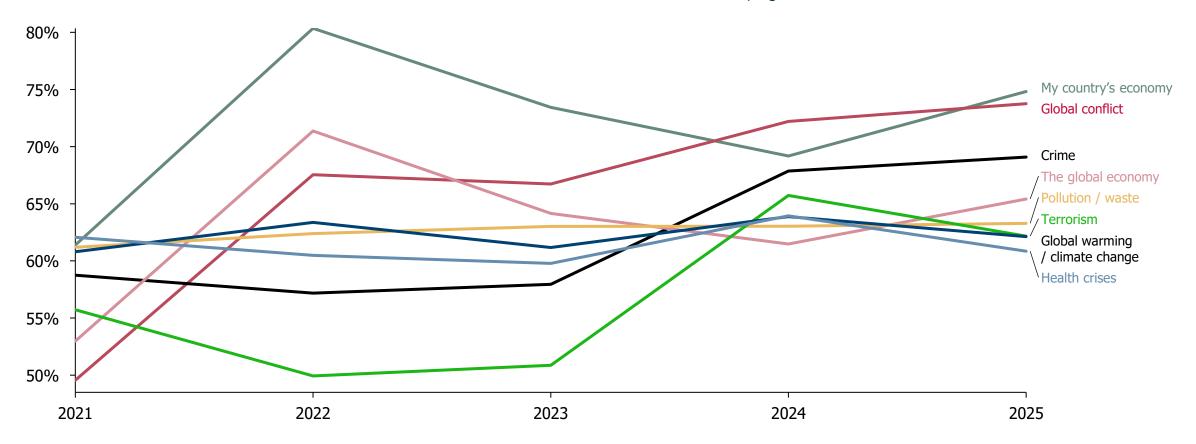


Note: August 2025 n = 2154-2177; Question: 'Thinking about specific issues facing your country and the world in general, how do you feel about the following?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'. Due to rounding percentages may not sum precisely



### Economic concerns have risen sharply since 2024 though not yet to 2022 levels; worries about crime and conflict are up since 2022 though starting to stabilise

SHARE OF RESPONDENTS WHO WERE 'VERY CONCERNED' OR 'CONCERNED', Q3 2021 – 2025



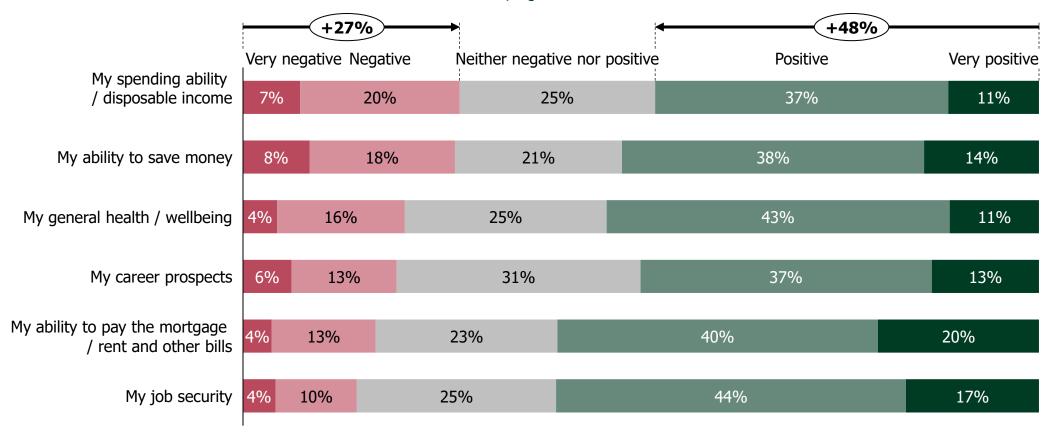
Note: October 2021 n = 994-1008, October 2022 n = 3052-3079, July 2023 n = 1554-1567, July 2024 n = 1968-1998, August 2025 n = 2154-2177; Question: 'Thinking about specific issues facing your country and the world in general, how do you feel about the following?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'.





# On personal issues, positive sentiment outweighs negative across the board; but over 1/4 of respondents feel negative about being able to spend and save

RESPONDENTS' VIEWS ON PERSONAL ISSUES FACED, Q3 2025

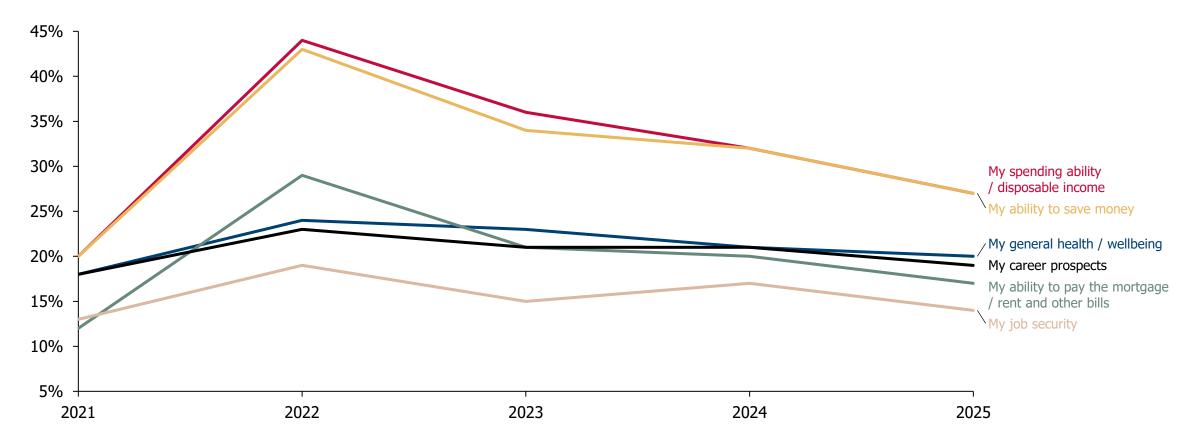


Note: August 2025 n = 1131-2174; Question: 'Wow, thinking about specific issues you are facing on a personal level, how do you feel about the following?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'. Due to rounding percentages may not sum precisely



# Concern over personal issues continue to reduce, even for spending and saving ability despite the rise in concern over the domestic and global economy

SHARE OF RESPONDENTS WHO WERE 'VERY NEGATIVE' OR 'NEGATIVE', Q3 2021 – 2025



Note: October 2021 n = 1012, October 2022 n = 1533-3088, July 2023 n = 721-1576, July 2024 n = 979-1994, August 2025 n = 1131-2174; Question: 'Wow thinking about specific issues you are facing on a personal level, how do you feel about the following?'. Due to rounding percentages may not sum precisely



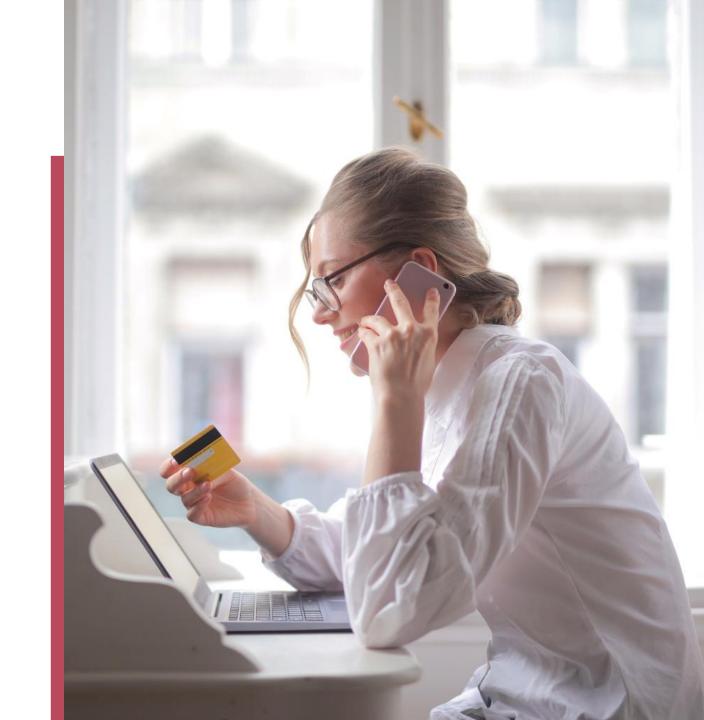


### **Contents**

Sentiment

**Spending** 

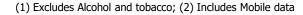
Sample details



### Respondents were asked about changes in spend over the past 3 months in 13 categories, which we have grouped as follows

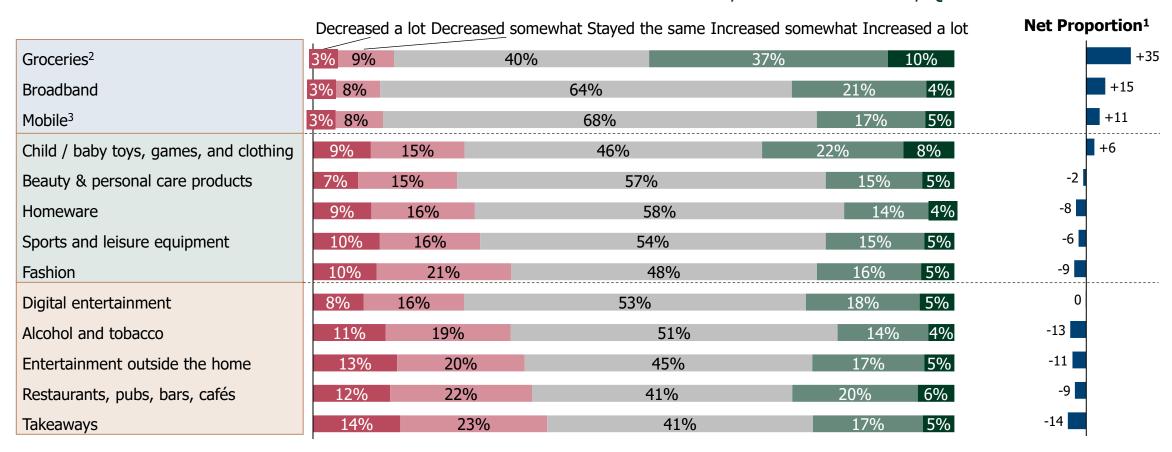
#### GROUPING OF SPEND CATEGORIES

Mobile <sup>2</sup> Child / baby toys, games, and clothing Beauty and personal care products	
Beauty and personal care products	
Homeware FASHION & HOME	
Sports and leisure equipment	
Fashion	
Digital entertainment	
Alcohol and tobacco	
Entertainment outside the home ENTERTAINMENT	
Restaurants, pubs, bars, cafés	
Takeaways	



#### Consumers increasing their spend outnumbered those reducing spend in all Essentials categories; in discretionary subcategories, the opposite was typically true excepting Child/Baby

% OF CONSUMERS REPORTING CHANGE IN SPEND OVER PAST 3 MONTHS, BY SUBCATEGORY, Q3 2025



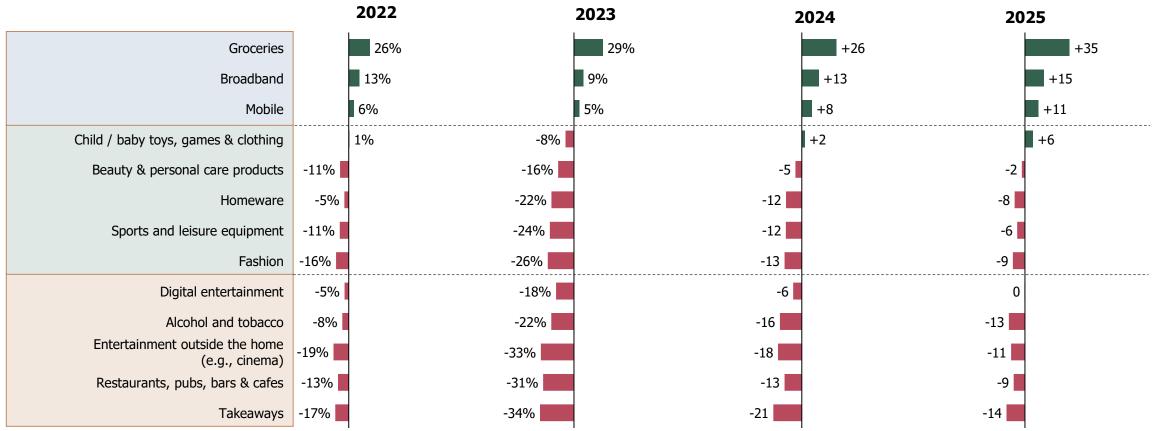
Note: August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; (1) Net Proportion = percentage of 'Increased a lot' and 'Increased somewhat' responses minus the percentage of 'Decreased somewhat' and 'Decreased a lot' responses, excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (2) Excludes Alcohol and tobacco, (3) Includes Mobile data. Due to rounding percentages may not sum precisely Source: Eden McCallum & Dvnata surveys





Consumers increasing spend has consistently outnumbered those reducing spend in Essentials over time; in discretionary categories, consistently more have reduced their spend except Child/baby where the picture is more mixed

NET PROPORTION¹ REPORTING CHANGE IN SPEND OVER PAST 3 MONTHS, BY SUBCATEGORY, 2022-2025

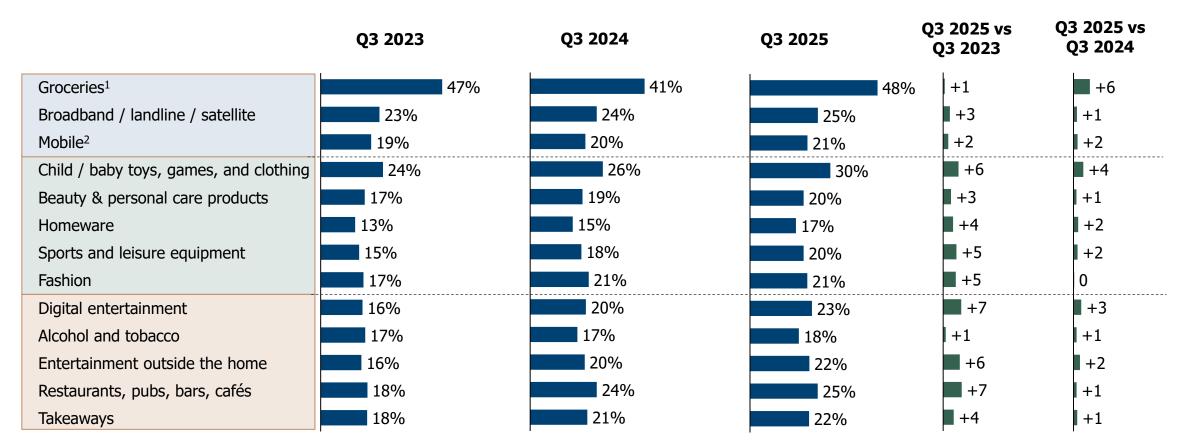


Note: October 2022 n = 1546-3061, July 2023 n = 706-1554, July 2024 n = 950-1960, August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; (1) Net Proportion = percentage of 'Increased a lot' and 'Increased somewhat' responses minus the percentage of 'Decreased somewhat' and 'Decreased a lot' responses, excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (2) Excludes Alcohol and tobacco, (3) Includes Mobile data. Due to rounding percentages may not sum precisely



# The share of respondents who increased spending in 2025 is up on previous years in most categories

% OF RESPONDENTS WHO INCREASED THEIR SPEND BY CATEGORY, Q3 2023 – 2025

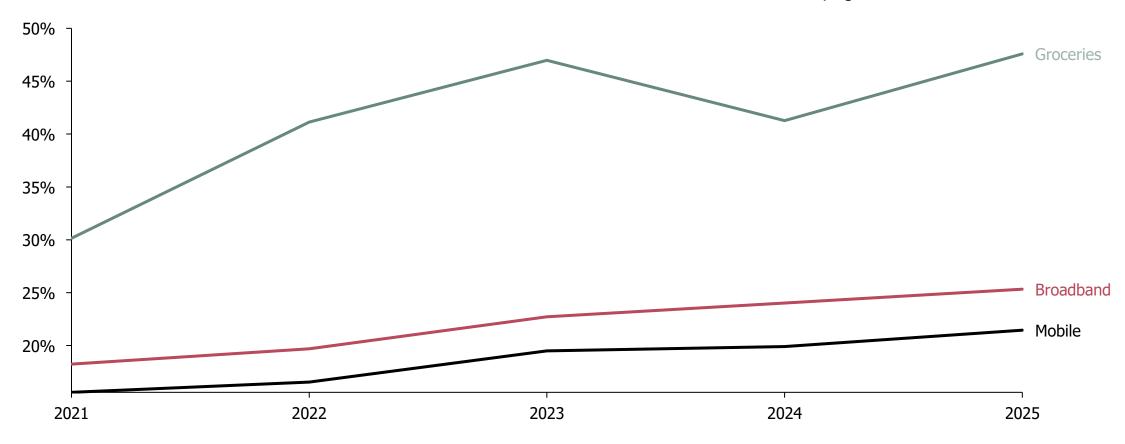


Note: July 2023 n = 706-1554, July 2024 n = 950-1960, August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (1) Excludes Alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes Mobile data.



# The share of respondents who increased spending in 2025 is up on previous years in most categories [1/3]

% OF RESPONDENTS WHO INCREASED THEIR SPEND IN ESSENTIALS BY CATEGORY, Q3 2021 - 2025



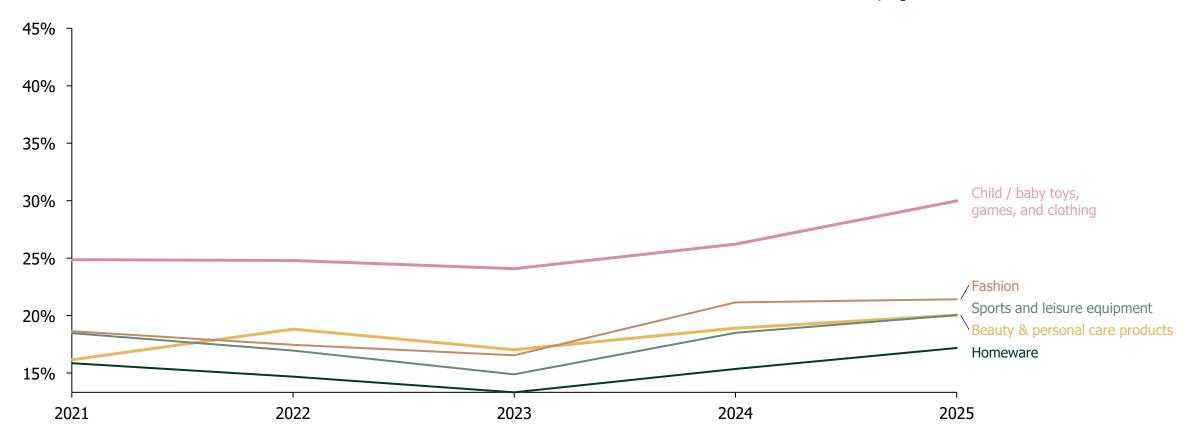
Note: October 2021 n = 1023, October 2022 n = 1546-3061, July 2023 n = 706-1554, July 2024 n = 950-1960, August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (1) Excludes Alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes Mobile data.

Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys



# The share of respondents who increased spending in 2025 is up on previous years in most categories [2/3]

% OF RESPONDENTS WHO INCREASED THEIR SPEND IN FASHION & HOME BY CATEGORY, Q3 2021 – 2025



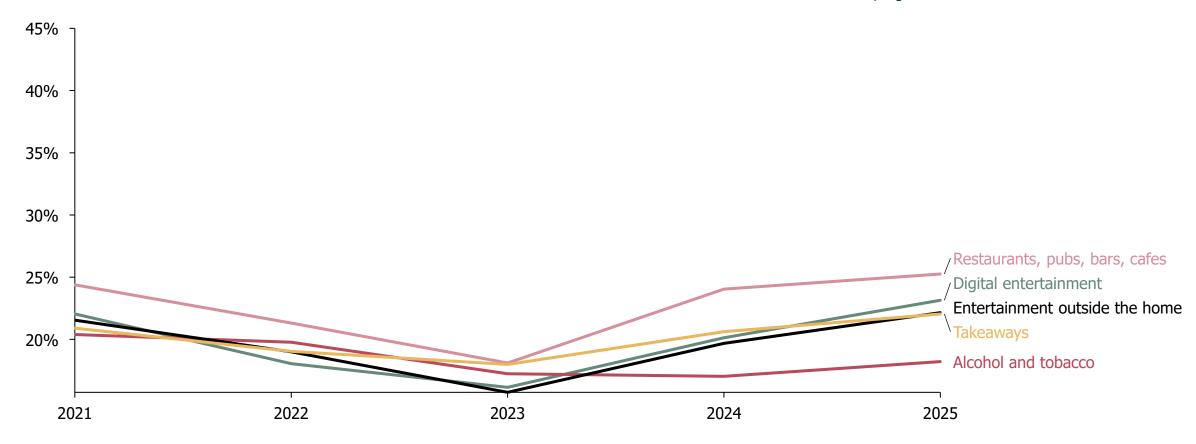
Note: October 2021 n = 1023, October 2022 n = 1546-3061, July 2023 n = 706-1554, July 2024 n = 950-1960, August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (1) Excludes Alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes Mobile data.

Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys



# The share of respondents who increased spending in 2025 is up on previous years in most categories [3/3]

% OF RESPONDENTS WHO INCREASED THEIR SPEND IN ENTERTAINMENT BY CATEGORY, Q3 2021 - 2025



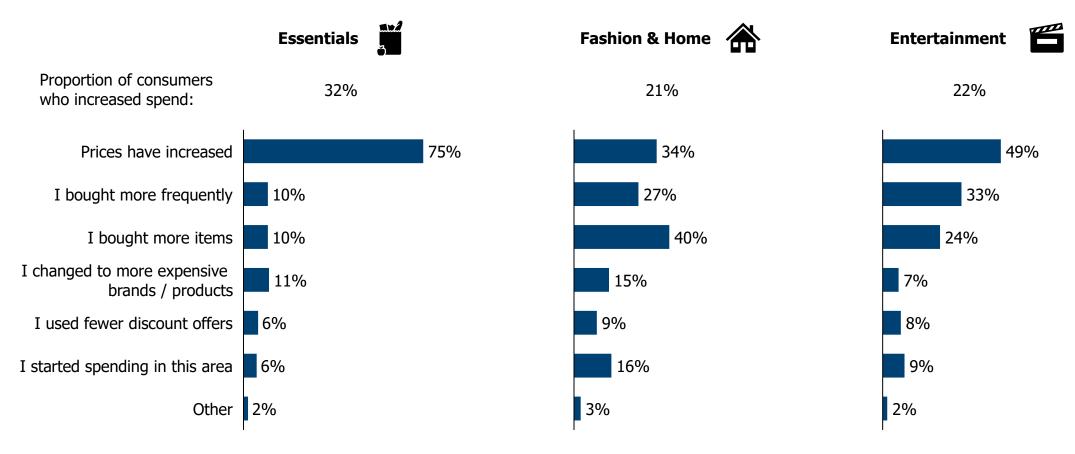
Note: October 2021 n = 1023, October 2022 n = 1546-3061, July 2023 n = 706-1554, July 2024 n = 950-1960, August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (1) Excludes Alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes Mobile data.

Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys



# In Essentials, most of those who increased spending attributed that to higher prices; in discretionary categories there was more of a mix between price and higher consumption

WAYS IN WHICH RESPONDENTS SPENT MORE IN LAST 3 MONTHS, AVERAGE OF CATEGORIES, Q3 2025



Note: August 2025 n = 784-908; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; 'In what way did you spend more on this category?', includes those who answered 'Increased a lot' and 'Increased somewhat'.

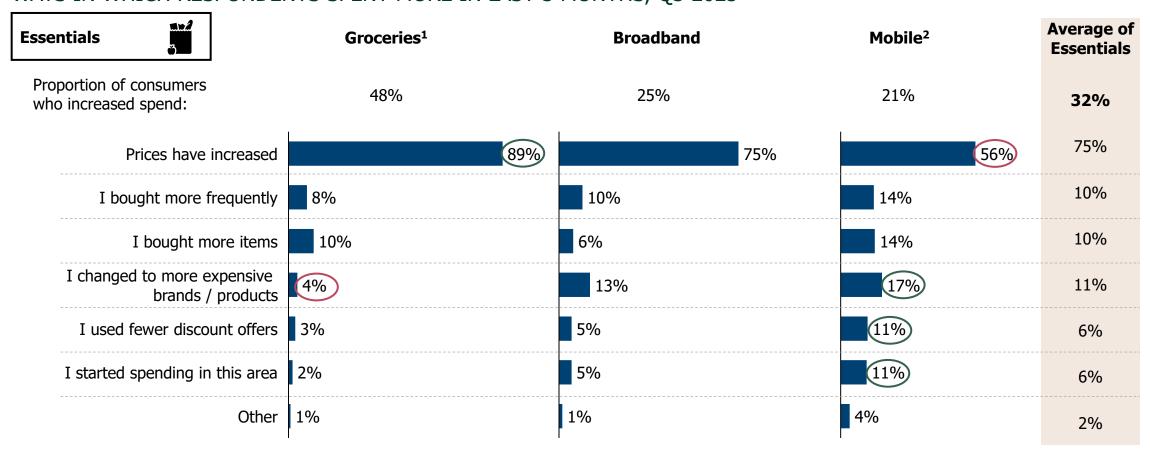




### Within Essentials, price was the predominant factor in increased spend across

the subcategories

WAYS IN WHICH RESPONDENTS SPENT MORE IN LAST 3 MONTHS, Q3 2025



Note: August 2025 n = 268-353; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; 'In what way did you spend more on this category?', includes those who answered 'Increased a lot' and 'Increased somewhat'; (1) Excludes alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes mobile data Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys



Greater than 5ppt above av.

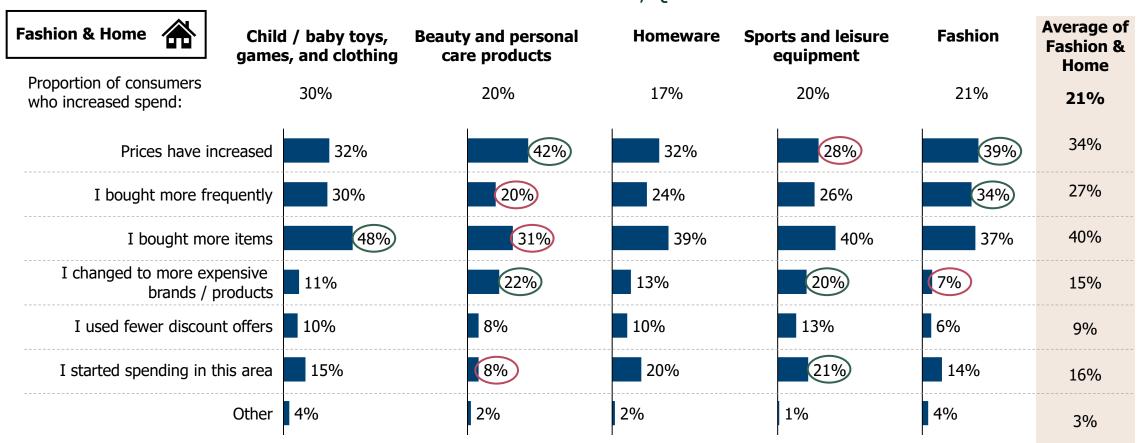
KEY:



### Within Fashion & Home, consumption and price drives increased spend, in

most categories price to a lesser extent

WAYS IN WHICH RESPONDENTS SPENT MORE IN LAST 3 MONTHS, Q3 2025



Note: August 2025 n = 147-224; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; 'In what way did you spend more on this category?', includes those who answered 'Increased a lot' and 'Increased somewhat'.

Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys



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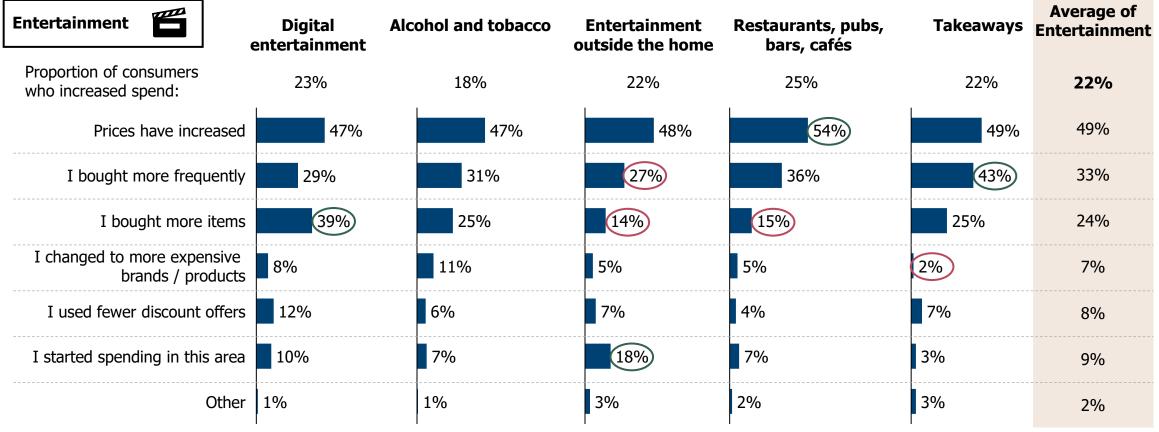
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KEY:



#### Within Entertainment, while price was the leading reason for increased spend, consumption also rose for many





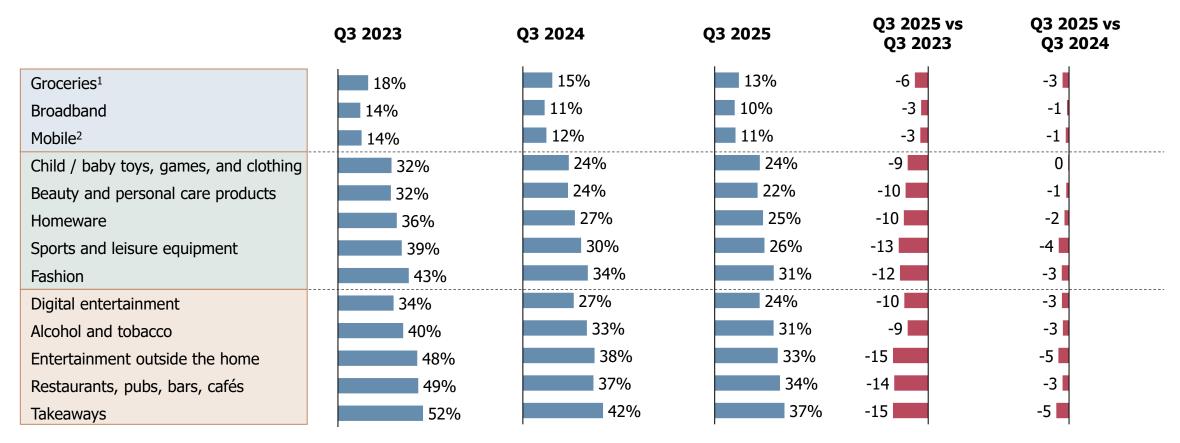
Note: August 2025 n = 121-184; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; 'In what way did you spend more on this category?', includes those who answered 'Increased a lot' and 'Increased somewhat'.





#### Over time, the share of respondents who decreased spending is down across all categories; discretionary categories are seeing the greatest drop in the last year

% OF RESPONDENTS WHO HAD DECREASED THEIR EXPENDITURE, Q3 2023 – 2025

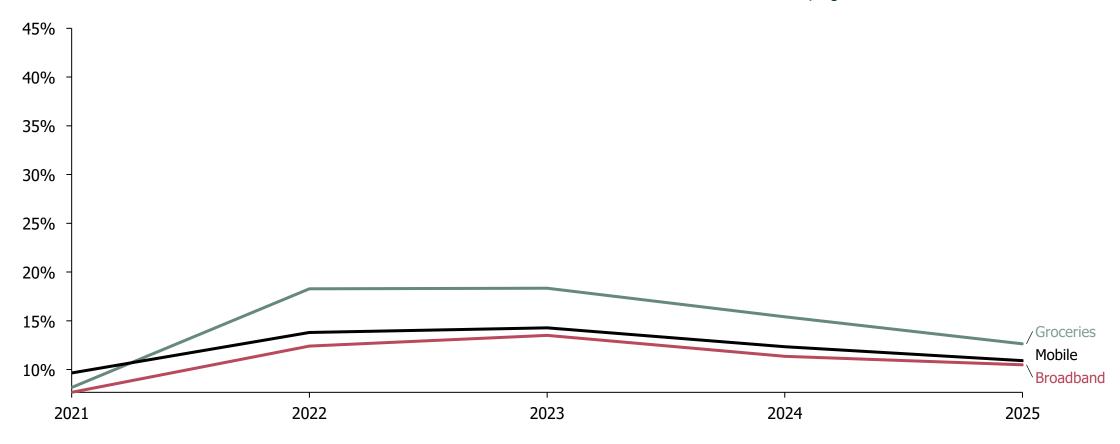


Note: July 2023 n = 706-1554, Jul 2024 n = 950-1960, August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (1) Excludes alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes Mobile data.



Over time, the share of respondents who decreased spending is down across all categories; discretionary categories are seeing the greatest drop in the last year [1/3]

% OF RESPONDENTS WHO HAD DECREASED THEIR EXPENDITURE IN ESSENTIALS, Q3 2021 - 2025



Note: October 2021 n = 579 - 1005, August 2022 n = 1545-3019, July 2023 n = 706-1554, Jul 2024 n = 950-1960, August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (1) Excludes alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes Mobile data.

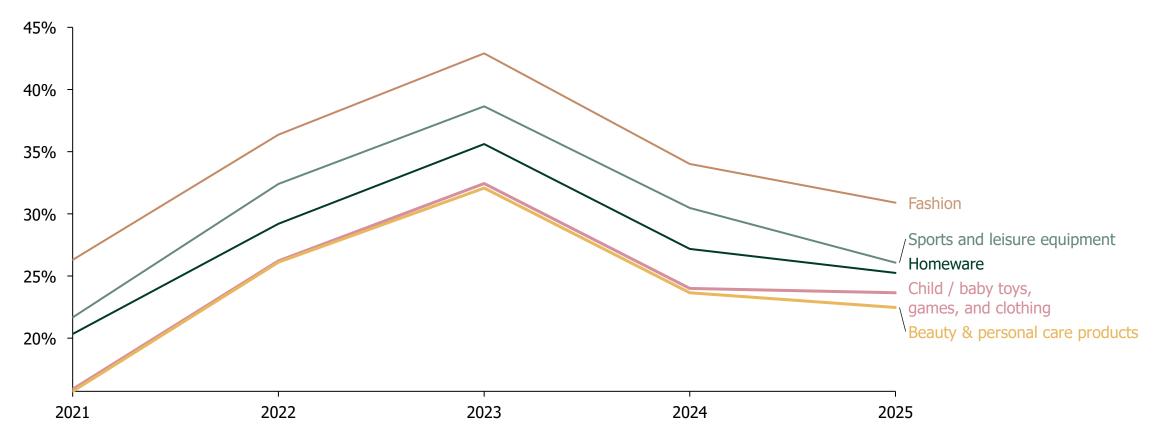
Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys





Over time, the share of respondents who decreased spending is down across all categories; discretionary categories are seeing the greatest drop in the last year [2/3]

% OF RESPONDENTS WHO HAD DECREASED THEIR EXPENDITURE IN FASHION & HOME, Q3 2021 – 2025



Note: October 2021 n = 579 - 1005, August 2022 n = 1545-3019, July 2023 n = 706-1554, Jul 2024 n = 950-1960, August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (1) Excludes alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes Mobile data.

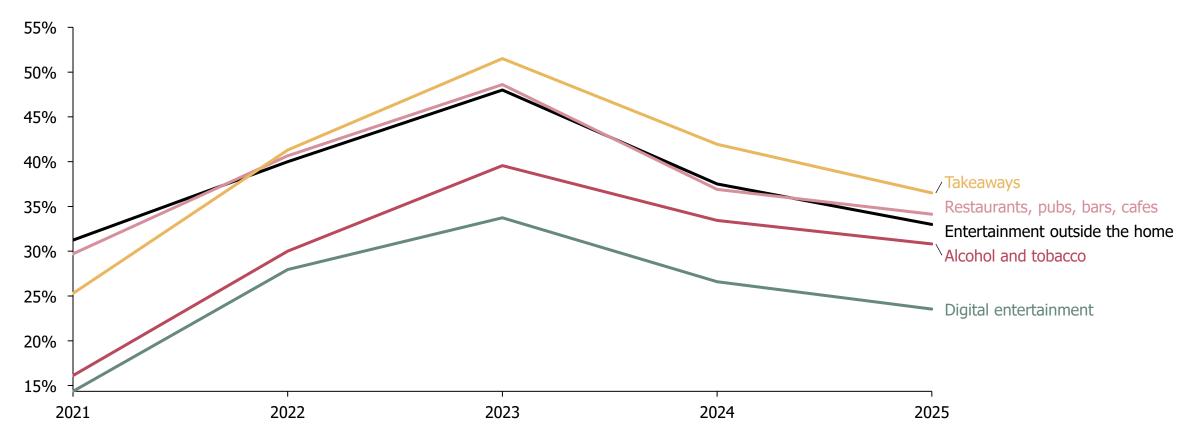
Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys





Over time, the share of respondents who decreased spending is down across all categories; discretionary categories are seeing the greatest drop in the last year [3/3]

% OF RESPONDENTS WHO HAD DECREASED THEIR EXPENDITURE IN ENTERTAINMENT, Q3 2021 – 2025



Note: October 2021 n = 579 - 1005, August 2022 n = 1545-3019, July 2023 n = 706-1554, Jul 2024 n = 950-1960, August 2025 n = 1074-2152; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?', excludes those who answered 'I don't know / doesn't apply'; (1) Excludes alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes Mobile data.

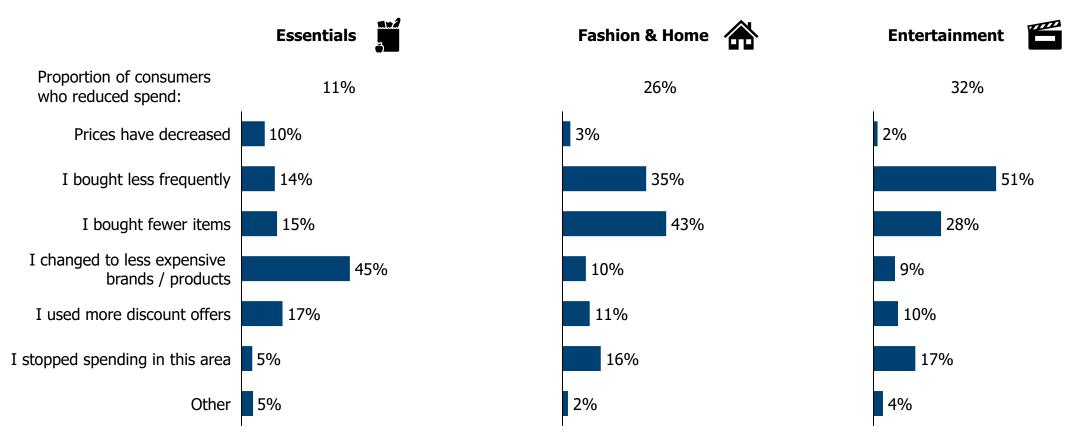
Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys





# Decreased spend in Essentials was predominantly due to trading down. In discretionary categories, reduced consumption was the predominant lever

WAYS IN WHICH RESPONDENTS SPENT LESS IN LAST 3 MONTHS, AVERAGE OF CATEGORIES, Q3 2025



Note: August 2025 n = 311-1243; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; 'In what way did you spend less on this category?', includes those who answered 'Decreased a lot' and 'Decreased somewhat'.





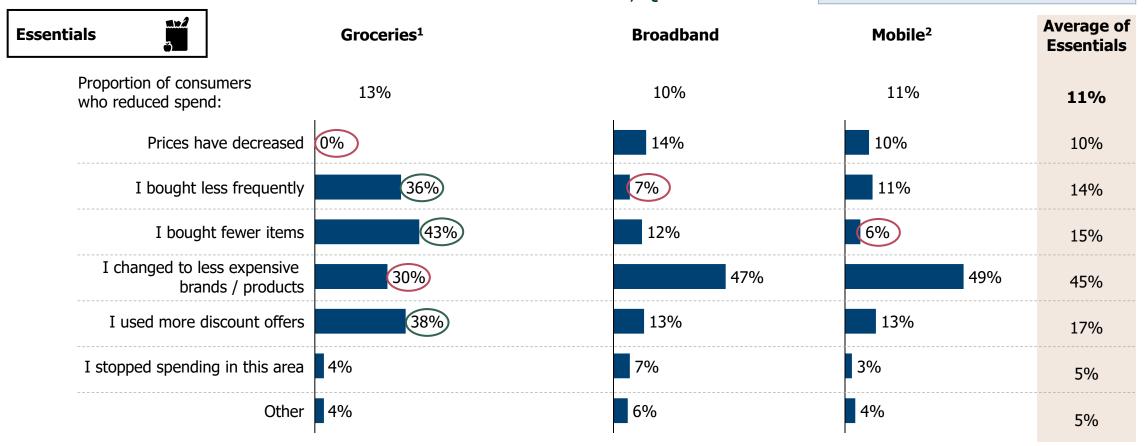
Within Essentials trading down was the most widespread lever to reducing spend across all categories; in Groceries there was significant cutting of

WAYS IN WHICH RESPONDENTS SPENT LESS IN LAST 3 MONTHS, Q3 2025

consumption and use of discounts

**KEY:** Greater than 5ppt above av.

Less than 5ppt below av.



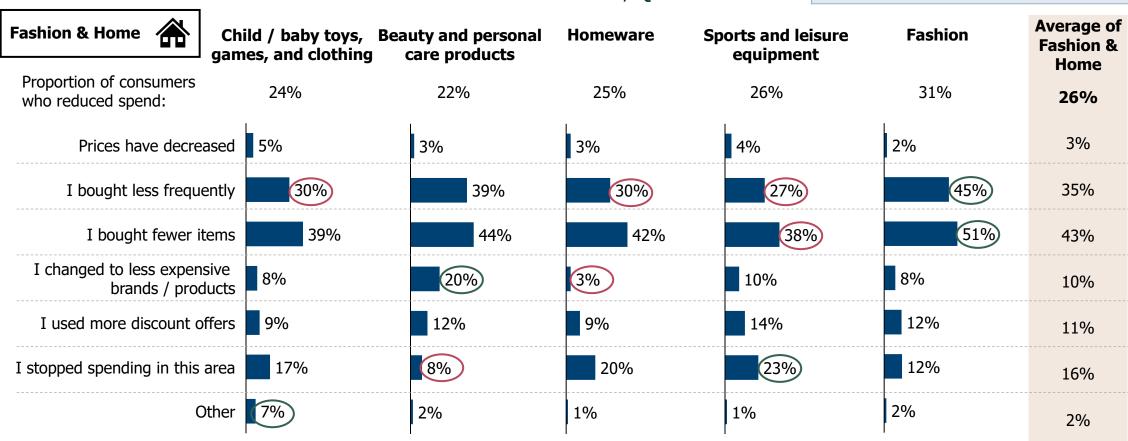
Note: August 2025 n = 53-140; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; 'In what way did you spend less on this category?', includes those who answered 'Decreased a lot' and 'Decreased somewhat'; (1) Excludes alcohol and tobacco, (2) Includes Mobile data





#### Within Fashion & Home, buying less - or nothing - was the main lever to reducing spend across all categories Greater than 5ppt above av.

WAYS IN WHICH RESPONDENTS SPENT LESS IN LAST 3 MONTHS, Q3 2025



Note: August 2025 n = 180-259; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; 'In what way did you spend less on this category?', includes those who answered 'Decreased a lot' and 'Decreased somewhat'.

Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys



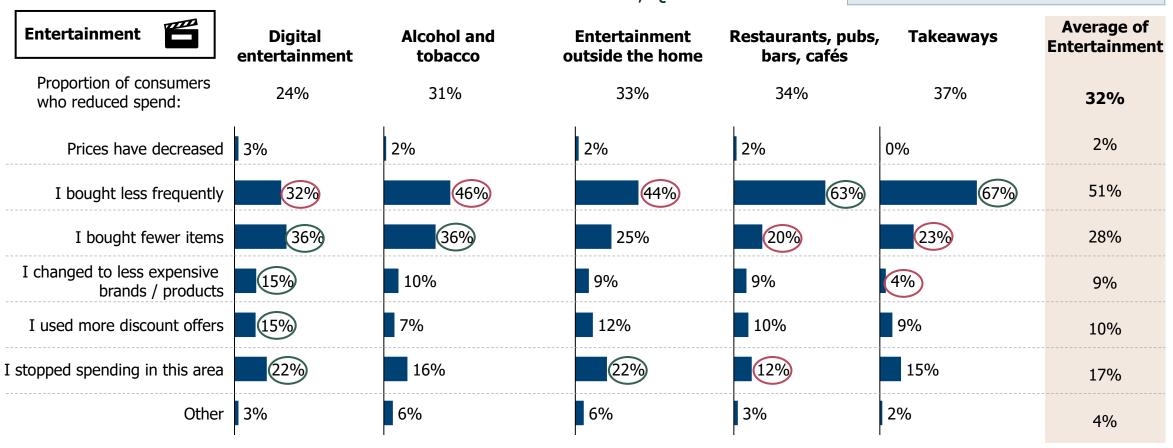
Less than 5ppt below av.

KEY:



Within Entertainment, frequency of spend was the main lever to reduce spend across majority of categories; Digital and outside entertainment are most atrisk of a complete stop in purchasing

WAYS IN WHICH RESPONDENTS SPENT LESS IN LAST 3 MONTHS, Q3 2025



Note: August 2025 n = 220-286; Question: 'How has your spending in the following areas changed in the past 3 months?'; 'In what way did you spend less on this category?', includes those who answered 'Decreased a lot' and 'Decreased somewhat'.

Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys



Greater than 5ppt above av.

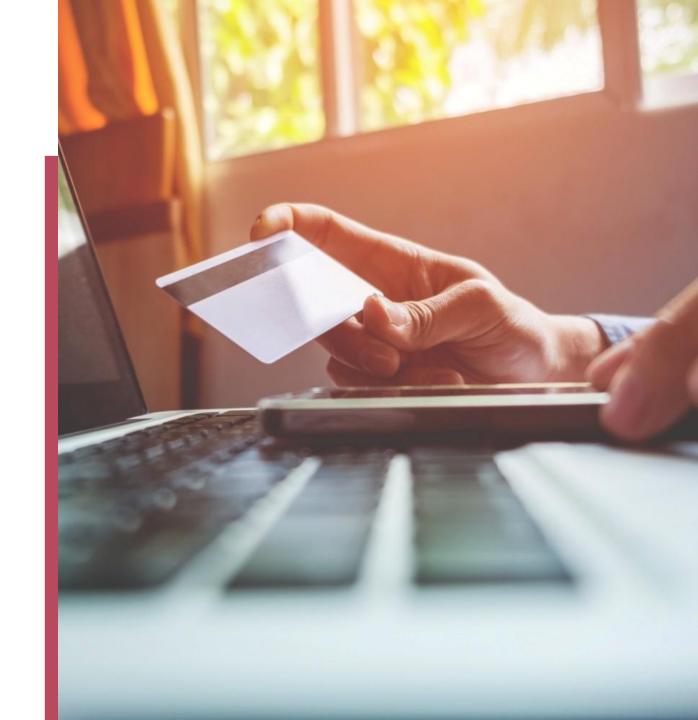
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KEY:

### **Contents**

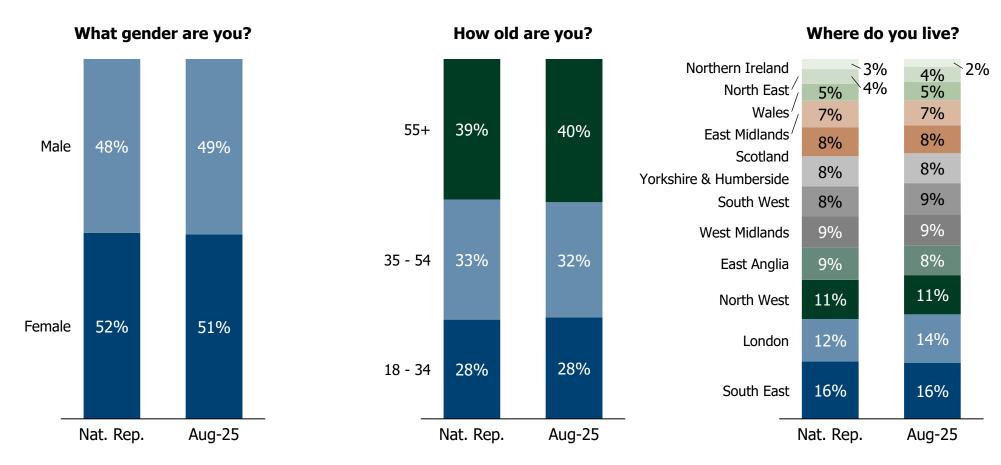
Sentiment Spending

**Sample details** 



# The survey respondents are a nationally representative sample in terms of gender, age and regional distribution

DETAILS OF SAMPLE SURVEY RESPONDENTS, 2025



Note: n = 1,995 to 2,000; Questions: 'What gender do you identify as?' / 'How old are you?' / 'Where do you live?', excludes "Other" and "Prefer not to say" Source: Eden McCallum & Dynata surveys, Eurostat

